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United States Department of Agriculture

Soil Conservation Service

Bozeman, Montana



# Montana Water Supply Outlook

June 1, 1988



## **Foreword**

#### How Forecasts Are Made

Most of the annual streamflow in the Western United States originates as snowfall. This snowfall accumulates high in the mountains during winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Predictions are based on careful measurements of snow water equivalent at selected index points. Precipitation, temperature, soil moisture and antecedent streamflow data are viewed in conjunction with snowpack data to prepare runoff forecasts. This report presents a comprehensive picture of water supply outlook conditions for areas dependent upon surface runoff. It includes selected streamflow forecasts, summarized snowpack and precipitation data, reservoir storage data and narratives describing current conditions.

Streamflow forecasts are cooperatively generated by Soil Conservation Service and National Weather Service hydrologists. Forecasts become more accurate as more data affecting runoff becomes known. For this reason, forecasts are issued that reflect three future precipitation conditions — Below Normal, Average, and Above Normal. These forecasts are terms reasonable minimum, most probable, and reasonable maximum. Actual streamflow can be expected to fall between the lower and upper forecast values eight out of ten years.

Snowpack data are obtained by using a combination of manual and automated measurement methods. Manual readings of snow depth and water equivalent are taken at locations called snow courses on a monthly or semi-monthly schedule during the winter. In addition, snow water equivalent, precipitation, temperature, and other parameters are monitored on a daily basis and transmitted via radio telemetry to central data collection facilities. Both monthly and daily data are used to project snowmelt runoff.

#### For More Information

Copies of Monthly Water Supply Outlook Reports and other reports may be obtained from the states listed below. An annual snow survey data summary is published by the Soil Conservation Service for each of the western states. Historical snow survey data may be obtained at those same offices.

STATE	ADDRESS
Alaska	201 East 9th Ave., Suite 300, Anchorage, AK 99501-3687
Arizona	201 East Indianola, Suite 200, Phoenix, AZ 85012
Colorado	2490 West 26th Ave., Denver, CO 80211
New Mexico	517 Gold Ave. S.W., Room 3301, Albuquerque, NM 87102-3157
ldaho	304 North 8th Street, Room 345, Boise, ID 83702
Montana	10 East Babcock, Room 443, Federal Building, Bozeman, MT 59715
Nevada	1201 Terminal Way, Room 219, Reno, NV 89502
Oregon	1220 Southwest 3rd Ave., Room 1640, Portland, OR 97204
Utah	4402 Federal Building, 125 South State Street, Salt Lake City, UT 84147
Washington	360 U.S. Court House, Spokane, WA 99201-1080
Wyoming	Federal Building, 100 East "B" Street, Casper, WY 82601

In addition to state reports, a Water Supply Outlook for the Western United States is published by the Soil Conservation Service and National Weather Service monthly, January through May. Reports may be obtained from the Soil Conservation Service, West National Technical Center, 511 Northwest Broadway, Room 248, Portland, OR 97209.

### Published by other agencies:

Water Supply Outlook Reports prepared by other agencies include: California — Snow Survey Branch, California Department of Water Resouces, P.O. Box 388, Sacramento, CA 95802; British Columbia — The Ministry of Environment, Water Investigations Branch, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, British Columbia, V8V 1X5; Yukon Territory — Department of Indian and Northern Affairs, Northern Operations Branch, 200 Range Road, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Y1A 3V1; Alberta, Environment Technical Services Division, 9820 106th St., Edmonton, Alberta T5K 2J6.

# Montana Water Supply Outlook

and

Federal - State - Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

### issued by

Wilson Scaling Chief Soil Conservation Service Washington, D.C.

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## **General Outlook**

Some areas in Montana will be facing shortages of water supplies for irrigation and other uses later this season. Contact your local Soil Conservation Service office for current snowpack and precipitation data and for assistance in operating with a reduced water supply

## **Summary**

Snowpacks are well below average for this time of year but better than a year ago. Only the higher elevations continue to hold snow. Mountain precipitation was below average over most of the State in May. However, there was a band of near average moisture from the Yellowstone Headwaters to the northwest corner. Some areas around Red Lodge and Bozeman had above average amounts. Most streams have reached peak snowmelt runoff. In general, those streams west of the Divide recorded highest flows near mid-May. Southwest streams, those in central Montana, and northern central, east slope streams generally peaked about the same time as west side streams. The Big Hole, Gallatin and Bitterroot Rivers were near the end the month with the Yellowstone and most of its tributaries expected to reach highest flows in early June. May runoff varied from above average on the Yellowstone and Gallatin Rivers to below average on other streams. Most had runoff in the 50 to 80 percent of average range. Seasonal streamflow is expected to be a little less than forecasted on May 1 on most streams. On streams with lower elevation headwaters, irrigation water shortages are expected to develop by mid to late June. Higher elevation headwater streams should have adequate supplies into early or mid-July.

## Snowpack

Snowpack levels are well below average in most basins. Only the higher elevations continue to have snow. In these areas the water content of the snow is less than one-half of normal amounts. Some areas experienced daily melt rates of near 2 inches of water content in early June. Nearly all measuring sites will be bare by mid-June.

## Precipitation

May mountain precipitation was about average for the area across the Yellowstone River Headwaters, Middle Gallatin, Big Hole, Upper Clark Fork and Bitterroot and portions of the Kootenai and Flathead River Drainages. The southwest corners and areas north and east of this band received below to well below average moisture for the month. The only areas reporting above average precipitation were south of Bozeman in the Hyalite Creek Drainage and areas near Red Lodge in the Beartooth Mountains.

### Reservoirs

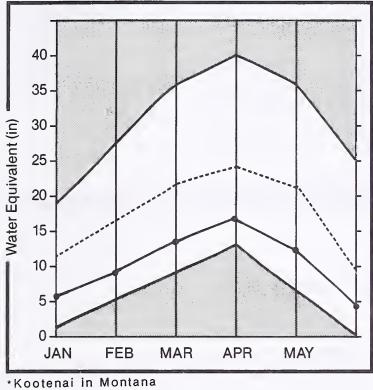
Most reservoirs in northwestern Montana and those in the St. Mary and Milk River system have below average storage. Most other reservoirs across the State have near to above average storage with the exception of Lima Reservoir and most reservoirs in central Montana.

## Streamflow

Based on provisional records, May runoff was above average in the Gallatin and Yellowstone River Drainages and 50 to 80 percent of average in other drainages. Most streams west of the Divide, in central Montana and the extreme southwest corner reached peak snowmelt runoff around mid-May. The Big Hole, Gallatin and Bitterroot Rivers peaked near the end of the month. The Yellowstone River and most of its tributaries should peak in early June. Seasonal streamflow on most streams is expected to be about the same or a little less than forecasted on May 1. Shortages in irrigation water supplies are anticipated to develop on most streams by mid to late June. Those with higher elevation headwaters such as the Yellowstone, Gallatin and Bitterroot Rivers could have adequate supplies into early July.

## Kootenai Basin

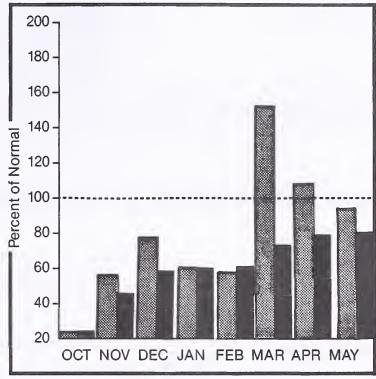
### Mountain snowpack\* (inches)







### Precipitation\* (percent of normal)



\*Based on selected stations



## **Water Supply** Outlook

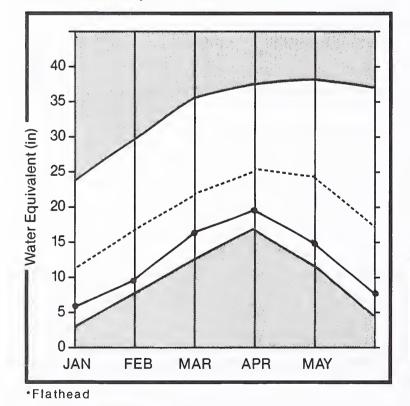
Runoff during May was about 80 percent of average. Most of the smaller tributaries reached peak snowmelt runoff in early May. Mountain precipitation was a little below average in May. Since October 1, the accumulated precipitation is about 80 percent of average. The majority of the snowpack has melted. Streamflows for the remainder of the season are expected to be well below average.

	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	i i	I I WATERSHED SNOWPACK AN <mark>AL</mark> YSIS I				
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	** US	EABLE STOP LAST YEAR	RAGE ** I RAGE ** I AVG. I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVG'D	THIS		AS % OF
LAKE KOOCANUSA	5748.0	2895.0	4553.0	3183.0		0	0		0
					KOOTENAI in MONTANA	9	151		48
					KOOTENAI ab BONNERS FERRY	8	159		49

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

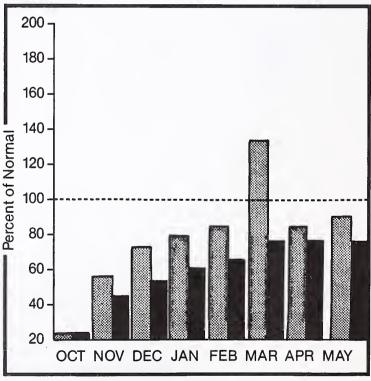
## Flathead Basin

## Mountain snowpack\* (inches)



Maximum Average ————
Minimum Current

## Precipitation\* (percent of normal)



\*Based on selected stations

Monthly precipitation Year to date precipitation

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

# Water Supply Outlook

Some valley stations reported above average precipitation for May but most mountain locations reported below average amounts. Mountain precipitation for May was about 85 percent of average and since October 1, the accumulation is about 80 percent of average. Snowpack is substantially melted except for some remaining snowfields at the higher elevations. Runoff in May was in the 70 to 80 percent of average range for the Flathead River and three main tributaries. Most streams reached peak snowmelt runoff near mid-May. Seasonal runoff will probably be a little less than forecasted on May 1 and well below average.

FLATHEAD RIVER BASIN

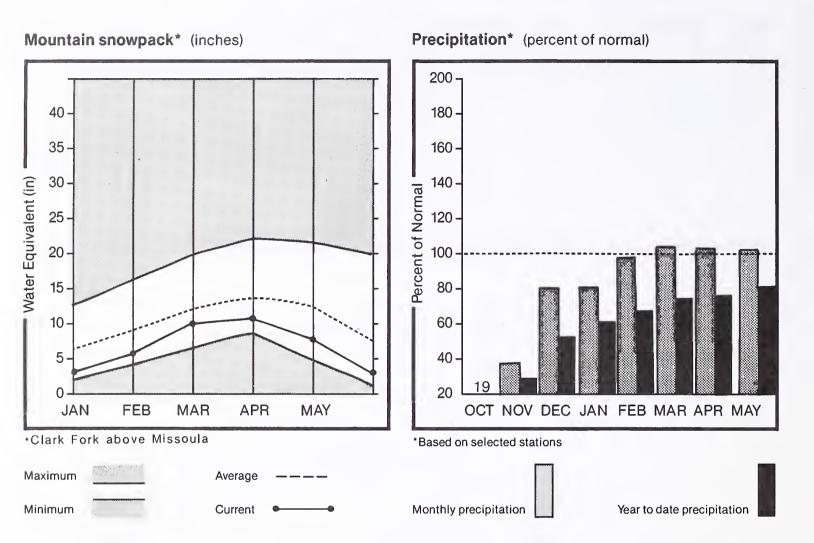
	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	I	HATERSHED	SNOWPACK AN	ALYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI		EABLE STO LAST YEAR	RAGE ** I AVG. I		NO. COURSES AVG'D		R AS % OF
	45.2				NORTH FORK FLATHEAD	7	130	45
HISSION VALLEY (8)	100.0	64.8	62.2	67.9	MIDDLE FORK FLATHEAD	4	199	40
HUNGRY HORSE	3451.0	1630.0	3264.0	2663.0	SOUTH FORK FLATHEAD	3	598	40
FLATHEAD LAKE	1791.0	1480.0	1596.0	1468.0	STILLHATER-WHITEFISH	6	144	23
					SHAN	6	320	42
				į	LITTLE BITTERROOT	2	0	0
				i	FLATHEAD	18	209	40

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

## Clark Fork Basin above Missoula



# Water Supply Outlook

Mountain precipitation was about average across the basin. However, the Clark Fork Drainage was a little above average and the Blackfoot showed a little below average amounts. In general, the valley areas reported May moisture a little below average. Since October 1, total precipitation has been about 80 percent of average. Snowpack is substantially gone for this season. May runoff was about 50 percent of average on the Clark Fork and Blackfoot. Some smaller headwater streams did produce a little better runoff. Most streams reached peak snowmelt runoff the third week in May. It appears runoff may be a little less than forecasted on May 1. Irrigation water shortages are expected to develop by mid to late June and continue through the main irrigation season.

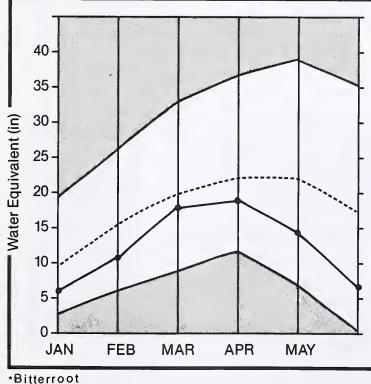
#### CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN above missoula

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF) I			I WATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS					
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	THIS	ABLE STORA		WATERSHED	NO. COURSES		AR AS % OF		
		YEAR	YEAR	AVG.		AVG'D	LAST YR	. AVERAGE		
GEORGETOWN LAKE	31.0	30.2	30.6	26.5	CLARK FORK ab BLACKFOOT	18	0	38		
LOHER WILLOW CREEK	4.9	3.8	2.4	4.5	BLACKF00T	7	1900	22		
NEVADA CREEK	12.6	5.2	6.0	11.6	CLARK FORK above MISSOU	A 22	6350	36		

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

# Clark Fork Basin below Missoula

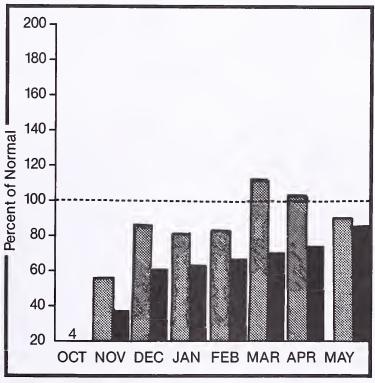
## Mountain snowpack\* (inches)



Maximum Minimum

Average Current

## Precipitation\* (percent of normal)



\*Based on selected stations

Monthly precipitation

Year to date precipitation

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

## Water Supply Outlook

Mountain precipitation was a little above average in the Bitterroot River Drainage and a little below average in the Lower Clark Fork. Over the basin, mountain precipitation was about 90 percent of average. Only higher elevations have any significant snowpack. The upper areas of the Bitterroot River reached peak snowmelt runoff around May 25. May runoff was about 70 percent of average. Seasonal runoff is expected to be near values forecasted on May 1. Streamflows should hold up until mid-June and will then drop sharply as the snowpacks disappear. Irrigation water supply shortages could develop by mid-June on streams with low elevation headwaters and by early July on those having high elevation headwaters.

CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN below Missoula

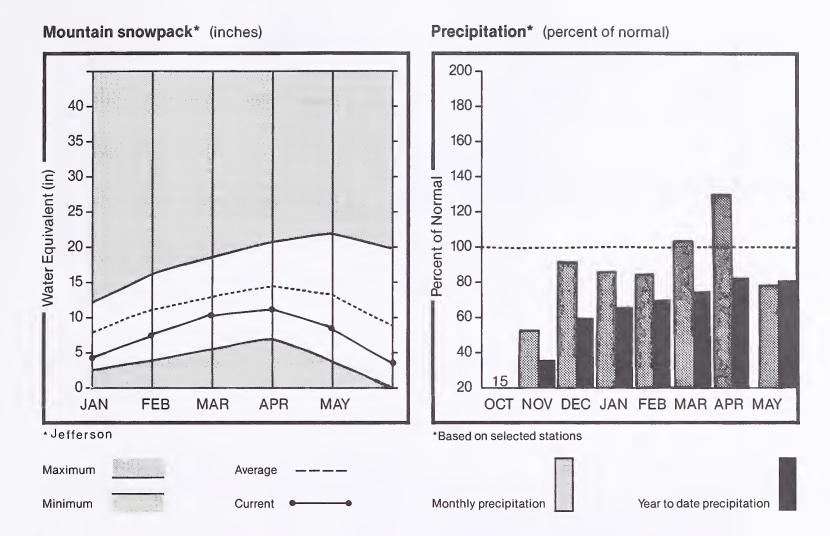
	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	1
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	** USE	EABLE STOR LAST	AGE ** I
		YEAR	YEAR	AVG. 1
AINTED ROCKS LAKE	31.7	31.7	24.7	30.4
HOXON RAPIDS	335.0	321.6	328.0	270.4
COMO	34.9	33.5	31.4	28.2
				· !
				İ

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

## Jefferson Basin



# Water Supply Outlook

Mountain precipitation was 77 percent of average across the basin. In general, the Big Hole and Boulder headwaters showed near average amounts while more southern areas were well below average. Snow remains only at the higher elevations. Streams in the northern part of the drainage reached peak snowmelt runoff near the end of May. The Beaverhead, Red Rock, and Ruby Rivers were one to two weeks earlier. Runoff in May varied from very low in the Red Rock to about 80 percent of average from the Ruby River. Runoff from the Big Hole River is about 50 percent of average. Seasonal runoff is expected to be a little less than forecasted on May 1. Shortages of irrigation water can be expected to develop by mid to late June on streams not having stored water.

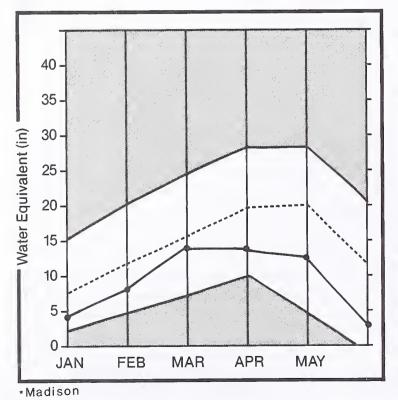
#### JEFFERSON RIVER BASIN

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF) I		WATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS					
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	THIS	LAST	AGE XX I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES	THIS YEAR		
		YEAR	YEAR	AVG. I		AVG'D	LAST YR.	AVERAGE	
LIMA	84.0	36,9	56.6	67.0	BEAVERHEAD	12	1000	33	
CLARK CANYON	255.6	157.7	154.2	171.0	RUBY	4	463	11	
RUBY RIVER	38.8	40.6	32.7	38.0	BIGHOLE	10	1614		
					BOULDER	4	0		
					JEFFERSON	23	1652	34	

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

## Madison Basin

## Mountain snowpack\* (inches)



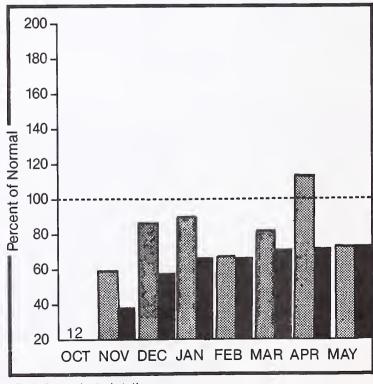
Average

Current

Based on selected sta

Monthly precipitation

## Precipitation\* (percent of normal)



\*Based on selected stations

Year to date precipitation

Maximum

Minimum

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

## **Water Supply** Outlook

Mountain precipitation over the basin was about 75 percent of average for May. Generally, the northern areas received better moisture than in the south. Snowpacks have generally melted except for the highest elevations. Runoff in May was about 80 to 85 percent of average. Seasonal flows are expected to be a little less than those forecasted on May 1.

For more information contact your local Soil Conservation office

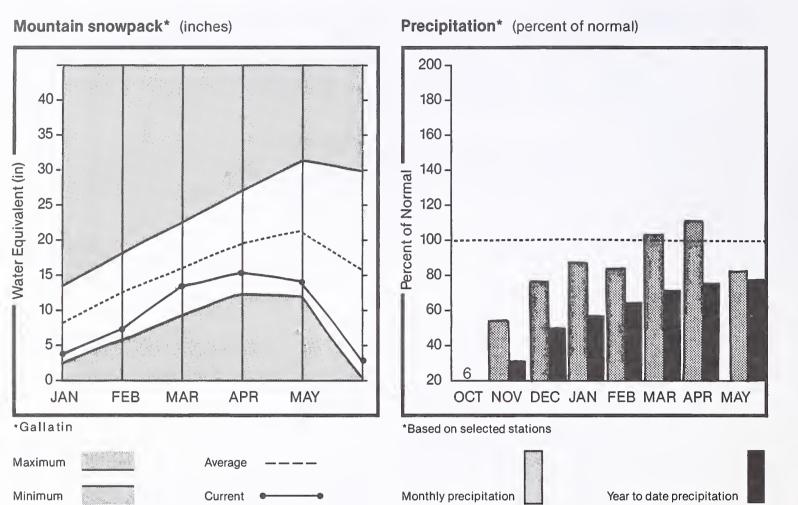
#### MADISON RIVER BASIN

	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	     	HATERSHED	SNOWPACK AND	ALYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE ! CAPACITY! !	** USE THIS YEAR	ABLE STOR LAST YEAR	AGE ** I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVG'D	THIS YE	
ENNIS LAKE	41.0	37.7	36.0	35.7	MADISON above HEBGEN	4	0	43
HEBGEN LAKE	377.5	342.2	370 <i>.7</i>	298.3 i	LOWER MADISON	6	892 1975	13 21

<sup>1</sup> - Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below. 2 - Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

## Gallatin Basin



# Water Supply Outlook

During May, mountain precipitation was above average in the Hyalite Creek Drainage but below average elsewhere. Across the basin, it was about 80 percent of average. Some snow remains above 8000 feet but most will be gone by mid-June. May runoff was a little above average. Seasonal streamflows on the Upper Gallatin River are expected to be a little less than forecasted on May 1. Hyalite Creek and the Lower Gallatin could be a little above earlier forecasts. Water shortages could develop by late June or early July on higher elevation headwater streams and possibly earlier on streams with low elevation headwaters.

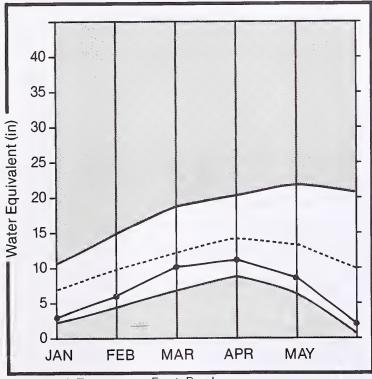
#### GALLATIN RIVER BASIN

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF) I			HATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS				
RESERVOIR	USEABLE 1 CAPACITY!	** USE	ABLE STORE LAST YEAR	AGE ** I	HATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVG'D	THIS YEA	AVERAGE	
MIDDLE CREEK	8.0	8.0	8.3	6.8 I	UPPER GALLATIN EAST GALLATIN GALLATIN	4 6 9	2813 1722 1731	31 22 19	

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

# Missouri Basin

## Mountain snowpack\* (inches)

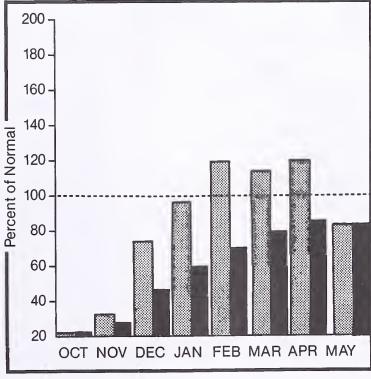


\*Missouri Toston to Fort Peck

Maximum Average ———

Minimum Current

## Precipitation\* (percent of normal)



\*Based on selected stations

Monthly precipitation Year to date precipitation

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

# Water Supply Outlook

Mountain precipitation was variable across the basin. Precipitation amounts were above average in the Snowy Mountains and below average in the Little Belt and Big Belt Mountains. Most of the areas reported about 85 percent of average. Very little snow remains in the watershed under 8000 feet. Most streams reached peak snowmelt runoff around mid-May. Seasonal runoff is expected to be a little less than the amounts forecasted on May 1. On streams not having stored water, shortages of irrigation water are anticipated to begin developing by mid-June.

MISSOURI RIVER BASIN

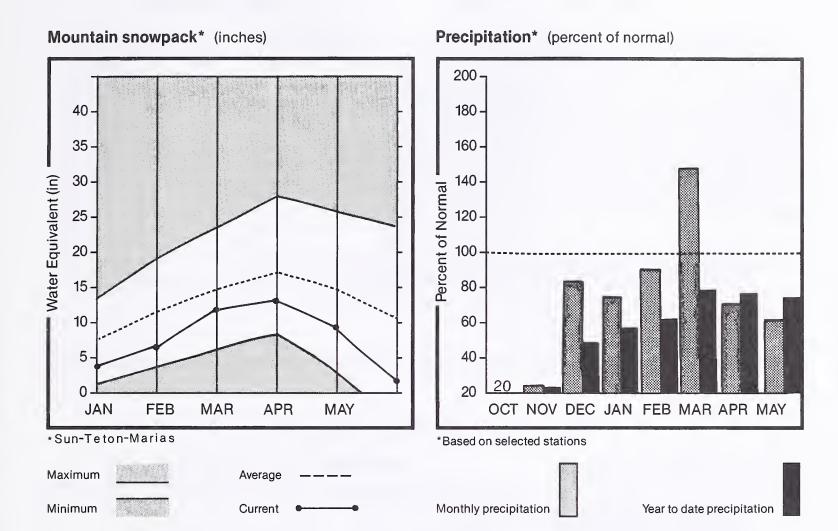
	RESERVOIR STORAGE			1	WATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS				
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI				WATERSHED	NO. COURSES	THIS YEAR	R AS % OF	
	1		YEAR	AVG. I		AVG'D	LAST YR.	AVERAGE	
CANYON FERRY LAKE	2043.0	1682.0	1608.0	1672.0	MISSOURI HEADWATERS	36	1957	29	
HELENA VALLEY	9.2	6.1	8.3	7.5	WEST SIDE MISSOURI	4	0	49	
LAKE HELENA	10.4	10.9	10.7	10.0	SHITH-BELT	7	810	15	
HAUSER & HELENA	61.9	63.1	62.5	60.5	MISSOURI HAINSTEH	11	2380	27	
OLTER LAKE	81.9	80.5	81.0	74.9	SUN-TETON-KARIAS	6	1825	16	
SMITH RIVER	10.6	6.7	9.5	10.8	JUDITH-MUSSELSHELL	8	2040	17	
NEHLAN CREEK	12.4	9.4	10.6	10.6	MISSOURI above FORT PECK	53	1805	25	
BAIR	7.0	2.8	5.4	6.4	MILK HEADHATERS	2	0	0	
MARTINSDALE	23.1	8.9	11.4	17.4	BEAR PAN	5	0	0	
DEADMAN'S BASIN	72.2	38.1	51.9	57.4	MILK RIVER	7	0	0	
ORT PECK LAKE*	18.9	14.7	16.2	15.7	MISSOURI in MONTANA	59	1805	25	
				1	MISSOURI blw YELLOWSTONE	98	718	35	

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

# Sun, Teton and Marias Basins



# Water Supply Outlook

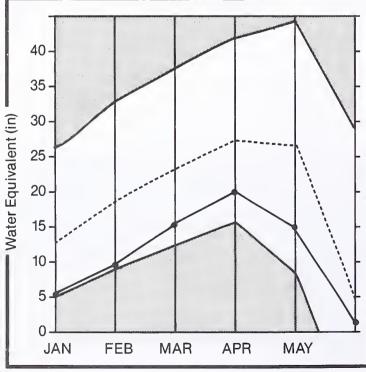
During May, mountain precipitation was about 60 percent of average over the basin. Since October 1, the accumulated mountain precipitation has totaled about 75 percent of average. A little snow still remains but only at the higher elevations. Runoff during May was below average. Seasonal streamflow is expected to be a little less than forecasted on May 1. Shortages of irrigation water can be expected to begin occurring by mid-June on streams not having stored water.

	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)		I I HATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS I					
RESERVOIR	USEABLE   CAPACITY  	MM USE THIS YEAR	EABLE STOR LAST YEAR	AGE EN	HATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVG'D		R AS % OF		
GIBSON	99.1	86.5	99.0	90.2	SUN-TETON	4	0	0		
PISHKUN	32.0	27.5	31.4	29.0	MARIAS	2	1825	21		
HILLOH CREEK	32.2	29.8	32.7	28.0	SUN-TETON-MARIAS	6	1825	16		
LOWER THO MEDICINE LAKE	11.9	12.5	12.5	12.4						
FOUR HORNS LAKE	19.2	13.0	13.9	13.2						
SHIFT	30.0	26.5	30.1	24.5						
LAKE FRANCES	112.0	93.0	104.1	85.4						
LAKE ELWELL (TIBER)	1347.0	741.8	840.1	662.6						

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

# St. Mary and Milk Basins

## Mountain snowpack\* (inches)

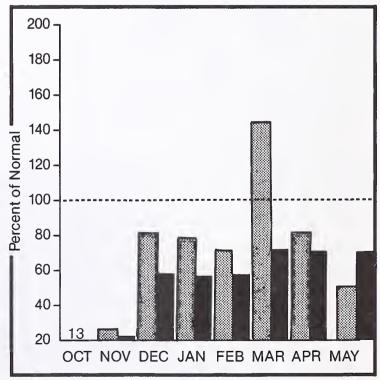


\*St. Mary

Maximum Minimum

Average ---Current

## Precipitation\* (percent of normal)



\*Based on selected stations

Monthly precipitation

Year to date precipitation

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

# Water Supply Outlook

May precipitation was well below average in the Bear Paw Mountains and below average in the Glacier National Park area. Over the two drainages, it was about 50 percent of average. Since October 1, the accumulated precipitation has been about 70 percent of average. The only remaining snow exists at the higher elevations of Glacier National Park and is below average for June 1. Runoff has been very low on the Milk River and a little below average on the St. Mary River. Seasonal streamflow is expected to be somewhat lower than forecasted on May 1. Widespread shortages of irrigation water can be anticipated for all areas not having stored water.

For more information contact your local Soil Conservation office

ST. MARY and MILK RIVER BASINS

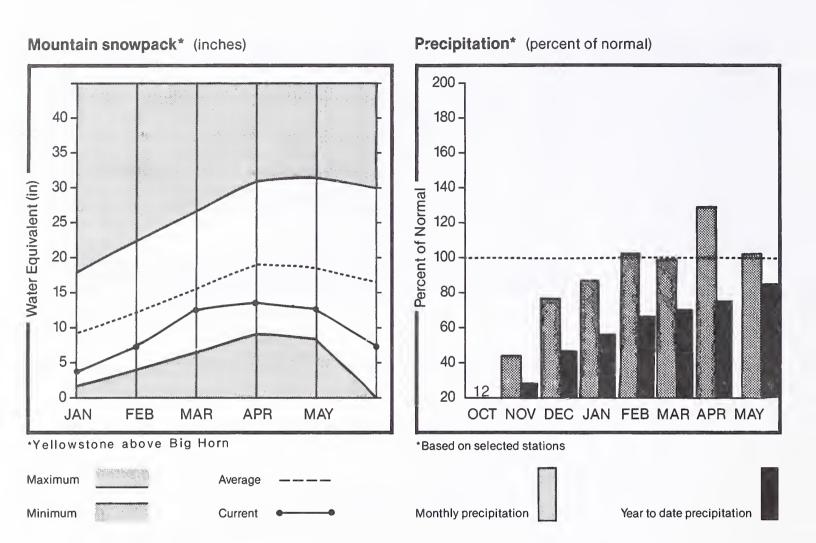
	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	     	WATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS				
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	** USE THIS YEAR	ABLE STORA LAST YEAR	AGE XX I	HATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVG'D		AR AS % OF	
LAKE SHERBURNE	64.3	15.9	64.6	30.3	HILK HEADMATERS	2	0	0	
FRESNO	127.0	60.8	92.4	89.4	BEAR PAN	5	0	0	
BEAVER CREEK	3.5	2.6	3,3	3.2	MILK RIVER	7	0	0	
NELSON	66.8	28.6	57.2	41.7	ST. MARY	3	154	43	
					ST. MARY and MILK	8	154	41	
					BOW RIVER in ALBERTA	0	0	0	
					OLDMAN RIVER in ALBERTA	0	0	0	

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below.

The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

<sup>2 -</sup> Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

## Yellowstone Basin



# Water Supply Outlook

Across the basin, May precipitation was about average. However, areas near Red Lodge reported above average amounts. Snow at the higher elevations is about one-half the normal for this time of year. Runoff during May was above average reflecting considerable melt for the month and heavy precipitation around Memorial Day weekend. Peak snowmelt runoff occurred in early June on the Yellowstone River and most tributaries. Seasonal streamflows are still expected to be near values forecasted on May 1. On streams with lower elevation headwaters, shortages in irrigation water could develop by mid to late June. Those with higher elevation headwaters should have adequate water until early or mid-July.

#### YELLOWSTONE RIVER BASIN

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF)	1	I WATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS I						
RESERVOIR						NO. COURSES	THIS YEA	AR AS % OF		
	l	YEAR	YEAR	AVG.		AVG'D	LAST YR	AVERAGE		
MYSTIC LAKE	21.0	11.0	12.4	5,2	YELLOWSTONE ab LIVINGSTON	10	632	55		
COONEY	27.4	24.5	28.2	19.1	SHIELDS	6	500	4		
BIGHORN LAKE	1356.0	973,9	858.4	749.2	BOULDER-STILLWATER	3	1361	75		
TONGUE RIVER	68.0	65.6	59.8	47.7	CLARK'S FORK-ROCK CREEK	12	1005	57		
					YELLOWSTONE above BIGHORN	24	925	45		
					LITTLE BIGHORN	2	980	49		
					WIND RIVER (Wyoming)	i1	251	» 34		
					BIGHORN RIVER (Myoming)	15	421	35		
					BIGHORN BASIN (Total)	23	332	39		
					TONGUE RIVER (Hyoming)	5	820	26		
					PONDER RIVER (Myoming)	7	0	6		
					YELLOWSTONE RIVER	48	563	41		

<sup>1 -</sup> Reas. max. and reas. min. forecasts are for 5% and 95% exceedance levels and also (2) below. 2 - Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. The average is computed for the 1961-85 base period.

# **Snow Data Measurements**

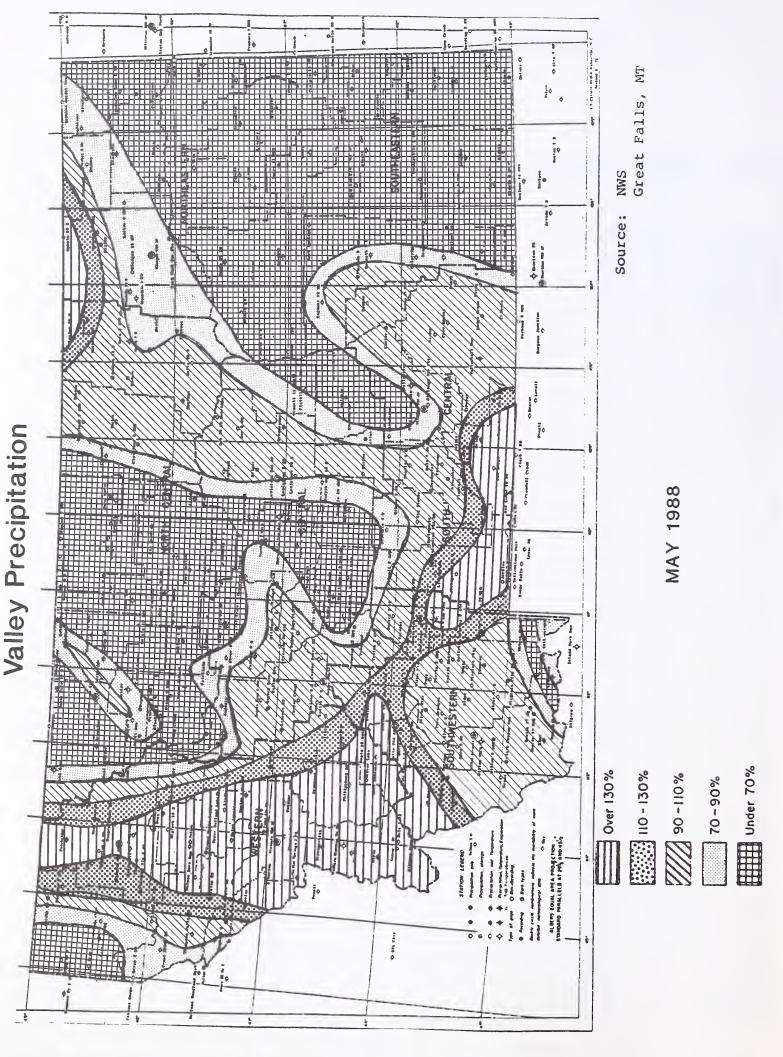
May 15, 1988

SNOW COURSE	ELEVATION	OATE	SNOW DEPTH	WATER CONTENT	LAST YEAR	AVERAGE 1961-85	SNOW COURSE	ELEVATION	DATE	SNOW DEPTH	WATER CONTENT	LAST YEAR	AVERAGE 1961-85
MONTANA							N.F. ELK CR PILLOW NORTH FORK JOCKO	62 <b>50</b> 6330	5/15/88 5/13/88	49	.0 26.0	.0 4.3	6.8 41.5
						_	N.E. ENTRANCE PILLON NORTHEAST ENTRANCE	7350 7350	5/15/88 5/13/88	0	.0	.0	2.9 4.1
8ADGER PASS PILLOW	6900	5/15/88 5/15/88		24.1 2.1	8.0	36.9 13.1	PICKET PIN D	9450	5/16/88	51	20.5	1.5	28.5
8ANFIELD MTN PILLO	5500 5500	5/12/88	45	21.7	9.4	39.0	PICKFOOT CRK PILLOW	6650	5/15/88		.0	.0	3.1
BAREE MIOWAY	4600	5/12/88	21	9.8	2.6	22.5	PIKE CREEK PILLOW	5930	5/15/88	44	7.5	.0	20.6
BAREE TRAIL	3800	5/12/88	0	.0	.0	.0	PLACER BASIN F PLACER BASIN PILLOW	8830 8830	5/16/88 5/15/88	44	17.5 25.4	1.0 5.5	22.9 20.1
8ARKER LAKES PILLO		5/15/88		13.5	.0	15.8	RED MOUNTAIN	6000	5/13/88	14	5.0	.0	14.2
BASIN CREEK PILLOW	7180 8850	5/15/88 5/15/88		7.5 1.9	.0	9.6 4.9	ROCKER PEAK PILLON	8000	5/15/88		16.5	2.9	18.3
BEAGLE SPGS PILLOW 8EAR PAW SKI AREA	5200	5/14/88	0	.0	.0 .0		ROCKY BOY	4700	5/14/88	0	.0	.0	.7
BEAVER CREEK PILLO		5/15/88		11.4	.0	21.7	ROCKY BOY PILLON	4700	5/14/88		.0	.0	1.0
8LACK 8EAR PILLOW	7950	5/15/88		30.2	.3	35.9	SADDLE MTN PILLON SHOWER FALLS PILLON	7900 8100	5/15/88 5/15/88		18.4 27.5	.0 3.2	26.8 29.2
8LACK PINE PILLOW	7100	5/15/88		6.3	.0	10.8	SILVER RUN	6630	5/13/88	0	.0	.0	2.3
8L000Y DICK PILLOW	7550	5/15/88		1.8	.0	6.4	SILVER RUN PILLON	6630	5/15/88		.0	.0	.0
80ULDER MTN PILLOW 80X CANYON PILLOW	7950 6700	5/15/88 5/15/88		10.7	.0	21.0 1.5	SKALKAHO PILLON	7260	5/15/88		19.6	2.1	24.2
80XELOER CREEK	5100	5/14/88	0	.0	.0		SKYLARK TRAIL PILLO		5/15/88		16.7	.0	29.7
8RIOGER 80WL PILLON		5/16/88		16.2	.0	26.7	S.F. SHIELDS PILLOW	8100	5/15/88		19.2	.0	20.9
8RIOGER 80WL	7250	5/16/88	38	19.1	.0	28.7	SPUR PARK PILLOW STAHL PEAK PILLOW	8100 6030	5/15/88 5/15/88		17.6 22.1	.5 27.1	22.7 39.8
CALVERT CREEK PILLO		5/15/88		.0	.0	.1	STAR LAKE E	9650	5/16/88	84	35.5	27.1 12.5	49.1
CARROT BASIN PILLO		5/15/88		20.1	3.0	31.9	SUCKER CREEK	3960	5/14/88	0	.0	.0	
CASHE CREEK PILLOW CLOVER MEADOW PILLO	7800 3N 8800	5/15/88 5/15/88		5.1 13.7	.0	8.1 17.4	TAYLOR ROAD	4080	5/14/88	0	.0	.0	***
COLE CREEK PILLOW	7850	5/15/88		19.1	2.0	20.2	TEPEE CREEK PILLOW	8000	5/15/88		7.2	.0	12.2
COMBINATION PILLOW	5600	5/15/88		.0	.0	.5	TWELVEMILE PILLOW	5600	5/15/88		.0	.0	6.6
COPPER BOTTOM PILLO	DW 5200	5/15/88		.0	.0	1.4	TWIN LAKES PILLOW WALORON PILLOW	6400 5600	5/15/88 5/15/88		27.0 .0	8.4	38.9 2.9
COPPER CAMP PILLOW	6950	5/15/88		16.1	.0	28.1	WEST YELL'ST PILLOW	6700	5/19/88		.0	.0	1.6
CRYSTAL LAKE PILLO		5/15/88		4.9	.0	8.7	WEST YELLOWSTONE	6700	5/19/88	0	.0	.0	
DALY CREEK PILLOW DARKHORSE LK. PILLO	5780 34 8700	5/15/88 5/15/88		.0 24.3	.0 5.2	2.3 28.2	WHISKEY CREEK PILLO	6800	5/15/88		3.5	.0	10.0
DEADMAN CREEK PILL		5/15/88		.0	.0	2.8	WHITE MILL PILLOW	8700	5/15/88		21.5	2.0	26.2
DISCOVERY BASIN	7050	5/11/88	21	8.0	.0	8.8	WOOD CREEK PILLOW	5960	5/15/88		.0	.0	4.1
DIVIDE PILLOW	7800	5/15/88		6.5	.0	8.7							
DUPUYER CREEK PILL		5/15/88		.0	.0	1.0							
EAST BOULDER S	9250	5/16/88	60	25.0	5.0	33.1							
EMERY CREEK PILLOW FISHER CREEK PILLO	4350 N 9100	5/15/88 5/15/88		.0 30.8	.0 7.6	1.6 38.8							
FLATTOP MTN PILLOW	6300	5/15/88		30.7	25.4	46.7							
FROHNER MOWS PILLO		5/15/88		2.7	.0	6.3							
GIBBONS PASS	7100	5/16/88	15	7.4	.0	18.9							
GRAVE CRK PILLON	4300	5/15/88		.0	.0	2.6							
HANO CREEK PILLOW HAWKINS LAKE PILLO	5030 Ы 6450	5/15/88 5/15/88		.0 23.7	0. 8.8	3.4 28.4							
HEART LAKE TRAIL	4800	5/14/88		3.2	.0	10.7							
HELL ROARING OIVIO		5/16/88		10.4	7.6	24.8							
HOODOO 8ASIN PILLO	W 6050	5/15/88		30.6	17.0	44.0							
H00000 BASIN	6050	5/14/88		36.5	15.0	48.7							
HOODOO CREEK KINGS HILL	5900 7500	5/14/88 5/13/88		32.4 9.6	12.7	45.1 14.7							
KIWANIS CAMP	3720	5/14/88		.0	.0	17.7							
KRAFT CREEK PILLO		5/15/88		.0	.0	1.4							
LAKEVIEW RDG. PILL		5/15/88		.0	.0	5.1							
LEMHI RIDGE PILLO		5/15/88		6.0	.0	8.1							
LICK CREEK PILLOW	6860	5/15/88		6.0	.0	4.9 22.3							
LOWER TWIN PILLOW	7900 4680	5/15/88 5/15/88		14.8 .0	.0	.0							
MANY GLACIER PILLO		5/15/88		.0	.0	1.1							
MAYNARO CREEK	6210	5/16/88		3.8	.0	12.0							
MAYNARD CREEK PILL	.OW 6210	5/16/88		5.2	.0	10.9							
MONUMENT PEAK PILL		5/15/88		19.0	1.6	24.4							
MOSS PEAK PILLOW	6780	5/15/88		25.2	15.4	44.3							
MT LOCKHART PILLO	6400 6400	5/15/88 5/16/ <b>8</b> 8		13.6 9.2	.2	20.4 18.7							
MOUNT LOCKHART MULE CREEK PILLOW	8300	5/15/88		13.7	1.2	16.1							
NEVAOA CREEK PILLO		5/15/88		8.1	.0	11.4							
NEZ PERCE CMP PILI	_OW 5650	/ 5/88		.7	.0	5.3							
NOISY BASIN PILLO	6040	5/15/ <b>8</b> 8	3	23.9	14.2	43.0							

# **Snow Data Measurements**

June 1, 1988

SNOW COURSE	ELEVATION	OATE	SNOW OEPTH	WATER CONTENT	LAST YEAR	AVERAGE 1961-85	SNOW COURSE	ELEVATION	OATE	SNOW DEPTH	WATER CONTENT	LAST YEAR	AVERAGE 1961-85
MONTANA							MOSS PEAK MOSS PEAK PILLOW	6780 6780	5/27/88 6/01/88	39	19.2 16.0	10.6 4.8	 32.3
							MT LOCKHART PILLOW	6400	6/01/88		.0	.0	11.1
8AOGER PASS PILLOW	6900	6/01/88		7.3	.4	22.8	MULE CREEK PILLOW	8300	6/01/88		5.1	.0	11.3
8ANFIELO MTN P1LLOW	5600	6/01/88		.0	.0	3.3	NEVADA CREEK PILLOW	6480	6/01/88		.4	.0	6.5
8ARKER LAKES PILLOW	8250	6/01/88		3.7	.3	10.1	NEZ PERCE CMP PILLOW	5650	6/01/88		.2	.0	.3
8ASIN CREEK PILLOW	7180	6/01/88		1.1	.0	6.0	NEZ PERCE CAMP	5650	5/30/88	0	.0	.0	
8EAGLE SPGS P1LLOW	8850	6/01/88		.0	.0	1.1	NEZ PERCE PASS	6570	5/30/88	3	.4		
8EAR PAW SKI AREA	5200	5/27/88	0	.0	.0	1.0	NOISY BASIN PILLOW	6040	6/01/88		13.3	3.3	31.4
8EAVER CREEK PILLOW	7850	6/01/88		.3	.0	18.1	N.F. ELK CR PILLOW	6250	6/01/88		1.4	.0	3.5
81G CREEK	6750	5/27/88	43	23.8	11.3	43.7	N.F. ELK CREEK NORTH FORK JOCKO	6250	6/03/88	10	.7	.0	2.4
8LACK 8EAR PILLOW 8LACK PINE PILLOW	7 <b>9</b> 50 7100	6/01/88 6/01/88		12.7	.0	26.1	N.E. ENTRANCE PILLON	6330 7350	5/26/88 6/01/88	19	10.6	.7	28.4
8LACK PINE FILLOW	7100	5/26/88	0	1.0	.0	3.4 3.9	NORTHEAST ENTRANCE	7350	6/02/88	0	.0 .0	.0 .0	.0 .5
8L000Y 01CK P1LLOW	7 <b>5</b> 50	6/01/88		.0	.0	1.0	OPHIR PARK	7150	5/28/88	0	.0	.0	8.8
80ULOER MTN P1LLOW	7950	6/01/88		.0	.5	11.6	PETERSON NOW PILLOW	7200	6/01/88		1.2	.0	4.3
80X CANYON PILLOW	6700	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0	PETERSON MEADONS	7200	6/01/88	6	1.3	.0	1.3
80XELOER CREEK	5100	5/27/88	0	.0	.0		PICKFOOT CRK PILLOW	6650	6/01/88		.4	.0	.0
8R10GER 80WL PILLOW	7250	6/01/88		.0	.1	17.4	PIKE CREEK	5930	5/31/88	0	.0	.0	
8RIOGER 80WL	7250	6/01/88	0	.0	.4	21.0	PIKE CREEK PILLOW	5930	6/01/88		.0	.0	12.6
CALVERT CR PILLOW	6430	6/01/88		.4	.0	.0	PLACER BASIN PILLOW	8830	6/01/88		15.3	1.7	16.2
CARROT BASIN PILLOW	9000	6/01/88		6.7	.2	26.6	PORCUPINE PILLON	6500	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0
CASHE CREEK PILLOW	7800	6/01/88		.0	.2	4.2	REO MOUNTAIN	6000	6/01/88	0	.0	.0	4.7
CHICKEN CREEK	4060	5/26/88	0	.0	.0	.0	ROCKER PEAK	8000	5/25/88	11	5.1	.0	9.1
CLOVER MDW P1LLOW	8800	6/01/88		1.0	.0	11.1	ROCKER PEAK PILLOW	8000	6/01/88		10.2	.0	14.4
COLE CREEK COLE CREEK P1LLOW	7850	5/31/88	7	2.4	.0	19.6	ROCKY BOY ROCKY 80Y PILLOW	<b>4700</b>	5/27/88	0	.0	.0	.4
COMBINATION	7850 5600	6/01 <b>/88</b> 5/26/88		2.7	.0	14.3	SADOLE MTN PILLOW	4700 7 <b>900</b>	6/01/88 6/01/88		.0 7.8	.0 .0	.3 19.8
COMBINATION PILLOW	5600	6/01/88		.0	.0	.3 .0	SHOWER FALLS PILLOW	8100	6/01/88	-	15.5	.4	23.7
COPPER SOTTOM PILLO		6/01/88		.0	.0	.1	SILVER RUN	6630	5/31/88	0	.0	.0	.9
COPPER CAMP PILLOW	6950	6/01/88		.3	.0	13.7	SILVER RUN PILLOW	6630	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0
CRYSTAL LAKE PILLOW	6050	6/01/88		.0	.0	1.0	SKALKAHO PILLOW	7260	6/01/88		9.2	.0	16.2
DALY CREEK	5780	5/31/88	3	.9	.0		SKALKAHO SUMMIT	7250	5/31/88	15	3.8	.0	15.6
DALY CREEK PILLOW	5780	6/01/88		.3	.0	.0	SKYLARK TRAIL PILLOW	6200	6/01/88		.6	.0	16.5
DARKHORSE LK. PILLO	W 8700	6/01/88		16.2	1.9	24.4	S.F. SHIELOS PILLOW	8100	6/01/88		2 <b>.5</b>	.0	15.6
DEADMAN CR PILLOW	6450	6/01/88		.0	.0	.1	SPUR PARK P1LLOW	8100	6/01/88		3.1	.3	16.5
DEADMAN CREEK	6450	5/27/88	0	.0	.0	.4	SPUR PARK	8100	5/27/88	10	4.6	.2	17.5
DISCOVERY BASIN	7050	5/26/88	0	0	.0	5.7	STAHL PEAK PILLOW	6030	6/01/88		16.4	16.0	29.9
DIVIDE PILLON DUPUYER CREEK PILLO	7800	6/01/88		0	.0	1.9	STRYKER BASIN	6180	5/26/88	11	6.0	5.7	21.1
EMERY CREEK PILLOW	W 5750 4350	6/01/88 6/01/88		.0	.0	.0	SUCKER CREEK TAYLOR ROAO	3960 4080	5/27/88 5/27/ <b>88</b>	<b>0</b> 0	.0 .0	.0	.2 .5
FISHER CREEK PILLOW	9100	6/01/88		.0 23 <b>.8</b>	.0	.0 33.3	TEPEE CREEK PILLOW	8000	6/01/88		.3	.0 .0	5.6
FLATTOP MTN PILLON	6300	6/01/88		22.2	14.4	38.7	TWELVEMILE PILLOW	5600	6/01/88		.0	.0	.6
FROHNER MOWS PILLOW	6480	6/01/88		.0	.0	1.8	TWIN LAKES PILLOW	6400	6/01/88		15.5	.3	28.6
G1880NS PASS	7100	5/31/88	12	1.2	.0	9.8	WALORON PILLOW	5600	6/01/88		.0	.0	.1
GRAVE CRK PILLOW	4300	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0	WARM SPRINGS PILLOW	7800	6/01/88		13.6	.0	25.7
HANO CREEK	5030	5/31/88	0	.0	.0	.0	WEST YELL'ST PILLOW	6700	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0
HANO CREEK PILLOW	5030	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0	WEST YELLOWSTONE	6700	6/01/88	0	.0	.0	
HAWKINS LAKE PILLOW	6450	6/01/88		12.7	.0	20.4	WHISKEY CREEK PILLOW	6800	6/01/88		.0	.0	1.2
HEART LAKE TRAIL	4800	5/27/88	0	.0	.0	2.7	WHITE MILL PILLOW	8700	6/01/88		12.2	.0	19.9
HELL ROARING OIVIOE HERRIG JUNCTION	5770	6/01/88	6	2.2	.0	12.7	WOOO CREEK PILLOW	5960	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0
HOOOOO BASIN PILLOW	4850	5/26/88	0	.0	.0	2.3							
H00000 8AS1N	6050 6050	6/01/88 5/27/88	41	20.2	6.5	30.7							
HOOOOO CREEK	5900	5/27/88	40	22.6 20.8	4.5 2.8	35.0 34.7							
KINGS HILL	7500	5/27/88	0	.0	.0	9.7							
KIWANIS CAMP	3720	5/27/88	ŏ	.0	.0								
KRAFT CREEK PILLOW	4750	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0							
LAKEVIEW RDG. PILLO	H 7400	6/01/88		.0	.3	.0							
LEMHI RIOGE PILLOW	8100	6/01/88		.4	.0	4.2							
LICK CREEK PILLOW	6860	6/01/88		.0	.0	.5							
LOWER TWIN PILLOW	7900	6/01/88		2.4	.8	15.2							
LUBRECHT FLUME	4680	6/03/88	0	.0	.0								
LUBRECHT PILLOW	4680	6/01/88		.6	.0	.0							
MANY GLACIER PILLOW MAYNARO CREEK	4900 6210	6/01/88		.0	.0	.0							
MAYNARO CR PILLOW	6210	6/01/88 6/01/88	0	.0 .0	.0	3.9							
MONUMENT PK PILLOW	8850	6/01/88		9.2	.0	4.0 16.6							
	5550	0,01,00		J. L	• 1	10.0							



# The Following Organizations Cooperate With The Soil Conservation Service In Snow Survey Work

#### Canadian

Department of the Environment

Atmospheric Environment Service Water Management Service

British Columbia Ministry of Environment

Inventory and Engineering Branch, Hydrology Section

Alberta Environment

**Technical Services Division** 

### **Federal**

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Forest Service

U.S. Department of the Army Corps of Engineers

U.S. Department of Commerce

NOAA, National Weather Service

National Environmental Satellite Service

U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs Fish and Wildlife Service Geological Survey National Park Service

Bureau of Reclamation U.S. Department of Energy

Bonneville Power Administration

### State

**Montana Conservation Districts** 

Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife, and Parks

Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation

Montana Department of State Lands

Montana State University - Agricultural Experiment Station

University of Montana - School of Forestry

#### **Private**

Big Sky of Montana Butte Water Company

Confererated Salish & Kootenai Tribes Flathead Valley Comminity College

Montana Power Company

Pondera County Canal & Reservoir Company

Other organizations and individuals furnish information for the snow survey reports.

Their cooperation is gratefully acknowledged.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
SNOW SURVEY UNIT

Federal Bidg., Rm. 443 10 East Babcock Street Bozeman, MT 59715

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and

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